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# 5.70.001

Section: Prescription Drugs Effective Date: April 1, 2023

Subsection: Analgesics and Anesthetics Original Policy Date: January 1, 2012

Subject: Abstral Page: 1 of 5

Last Review Date: March 10, 2023

### **Abstral**

### **Description**

### Abstral (fentanyl sublingual tablets)

#### **Background**

Abstral has one indication, the management of breakthrough cancer pain in patients with malignancies, who are already receiving, and are tolerant to, opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain. Abstral should only be prescribed by health care professionals who are knowledgeable in the use of Schedule II opioids for cancer pain and are registered in the Abstral TIRF REMS program (1).

Abstral has a high potential for abuse, addiction, and diversion. Abstral prescribing guidelines indicate that if more than 4 units are required per day, the dosage of the underlying opioid therapy should be titrated (1).

#### **Regulatory Status**

FDA-approved indication: Abstral is an opioid agonist indicated only for the management of breakthrough cancer pain in patients 18 years of age and older, who are already receiving and who are tolerant to opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain (1).

Abstral has a boxed warning regarding the risk of neonatal opioid withdrawal syndrome and fatal respiratory depression in patients treated with Abstral, including following use in opioid non-tolerant patients and improper dosing. Abstral is contraindicated in the management of acute or postoperative pain, including headache/migraine and in opioid non-tolerant patients. Abstral cannot be substituted mcg per mcg for other fentanyl products. The substitution of

## 5.70.001

Section: Prescription Drugs Effective Date: April 1, 2023

Subsection: Analgesics and Anesthetics Original Policy Date: January 1, 2012

Subject: Abstral Page: 2 of 5

Abstral for any other fentanyl product may result in fatal overdose. Outpatients, prescribers and distributers must be enrolled in the TIRF REMS Access program (1).

Safety and effectiveness of Abstral in patients less than 18 years of age have not been established (1).

#### Related policies

Actiq, Butrans, Duragesic, Extended Release Opioid Drugs, Fentanyl Powder, Fentora, Immediate Release Opioid Drugs, IR Opioid Combo Drugs, Methadone, Opioid Injectables, Opioid Powders, Suboxone Drug Class, Subsys

### Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Abstral may be considered **medically necessary** for the management of breakthrough cancer pain in patients age 18 years old or older and if the conditions indicated below are met.

Abstral may be considered **investigational** in patients less than 18 years of age, and in patients that do not have a diagnosis of breakthrough cancer pain or who are not opioid tolerant.

### **Prior-Approval Requirements**

Age 18 years of age or older

#### **Diagnosis**

Patient must have the following:

Breakthrough cancer pain – type or location of cancer must be specified

#### **AND ALL** of the following:

- 1. Patient is already receiving around the clock opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain
- 2. Patient is tolerant to opioid therapy.

Patients are considered opioid tolerant if they are taking at least:

- a. 60mg of oral morphine/day
- b. 25mcg transdermal fentanyl/hour
- c. 8mg oral hydromorphone/day
- d. 25mg oral oxymorphone/day

# 5.70.001

Section: Prescription Drugs Effective Date: April 1, 2023

Subsection: Analgesics and Anesthetics Original Policy Date: January 1, 2012

Subject: Abstral Page: 3 of 5

e. 30mg oral oxycodone/day

- f. or an equianalgesic dose of another opioid for a week or longer
- g. However, lower dosage requirements may achieve tolerance in renal impaired or elderly patients.
- 3. Prescribing healthcare professional should be knowledgeable of, and skilled in, the use of Schedule II opioids to treat cancer pain
- Patient and prescribing healthcare professional are enrolled in TIRF REMS Access program.
- 5. **Initial dose** of Abstral must be for 100mcg, even if patient is already established on another fentanyl product other than Actiq
  - a. Actiq 200mcg converts to Abstral 100mcg
  - b. Actiq 400mcg converts to Abstral 200mcg
  - c. Actiq 600mcg converts to Abstral 200mcg
  - d. Actiq 800mcg converts to Abstral 200mcg
  - e. Actiq 1200mcg converts to Abstral 200mcg
  - f. Actiq 1600mcg converts to Abstral 400mcg

### Prior - Approval Renewal Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

#### **Diagnosis**

Patient must have the following:

Breakthrough cancer pain – type or location of cancer must be specified

#### **AND ALL** of the following:

- 1. Patient has remained on around-the-clock opioid therapy
- 2. Prescriber is knowledgeable of, and skilled in, the use of Schedule II opioids to treat cancer pain
- 3. Prescriber and patient are enrolled in TIRF REMS program

All requests are subject to approval by a secondary review by a clinical specialist for final coverage determination

Section: Prescription Drugs Effective Date: April 1, 2023

Subsection: Analgesics and Anesthetics Original Policy Date: January 1, 2012

Subject: Abstral Page: 4 of 5

### **Policy Guidelines**

### **Pre - PA Allowance**

None

### **Prior - Approval Limits**

**Dosage** 100 mcg: Up to 4 units / day

**Duration** 6 months

### Prior – Approval Renewal Limits

**Dosage** 100 mcg: Up to 4 units / day or

200 mcg: Up to 4 units / day or 300 mcg: Up to 4 units / day or 400 mcg: Up to 4 units / day or 600 mcg: Up to 4 units / day or 800 mcg: Up to 4 units / day

**Duration** 6 months

### Rationale

#### **Summary**

Abstral, a short-acting opioid, is indicated only for the management of breakthrough cancer pain in patients, 18 years of age or older, who are already receiving and are tolerant to opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain. Abstral should only be prescribed by health care professionals who are knowledgeable in the use of Schedule II opioids for cancer pain (1).

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Abstral while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

#### References

1. Abstral [package insert]. Solana Beach, CA: Sentynl Therapeutics, Inc.; October 2019.

Policy History	
Date	Action
January 2012 April 2012	Decreased the dosage allowance from 6 units/day to 4 units/day.  Renal patients may require lower doses. REMS changed to TIRF REMS

# 5.70.001

Section:Prescription DrugsEffective Date:April 1, 2023Subsection:Analgesics and AnestheticsOriginal Policy Date:January 1, 2012

Subject: Abstral Page: 5 of 5

September 2012 June 2013	Annual editorial review and reference update Annual editorial review and reference update
June 2014	Annual editorial review and reference update and addition of type/location of cancer
June 2015	Annual editorial review and reference update. Addition of subject to secondary review by clinical specialist and Actiq conversion chart
March 2016	Annual editorial review
	Policy number changed from 5.02.01 to 5.70.01
March 2017	Annual editorial review
	Addition of age to renewal criteria
March 2018	Annual editorial review and reference update
March 2019	Annual editorial review
March 2020	Annual review
March 2021	Annual editorial review and reference update
March 2022	Annual review
March 2023	Annual review. Changed policy number to 5.70.001

### Keywords

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on March 10, 2023 and is effective on April 1, 2023.