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Section: **Prescription Drugs Effective Date:** October 1, 2023

Subsection: Topical Products **Original Policy Date:** July 31, 2015

Subject: Solaraze Page: 1 of 3

Last Review Date: September 8, 2023

Solaraze

Description

Solaraze (diclofenac sodium)

Background

Solaraze (diclofenac sodium) gel is a prescription medicine used on the skin for actinic keratoses. Actinic keratosis (AK), also called solar keratosis, which is a chronic (long-term) condition of the skin caused by a chemical reaction to ultraviolet (UV) rays. Actinic keratosis can be linked to the development of skin cancer (1).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indication: Solaraze gel is indicated for the topical treatment of actinic keratoses (AK). Sun avoidance is indicated during therapy (1).

Safety and effectiveness of Solaraze in pediatric patients less than 18 years of age have not been established (1).

Related policies

Aldara, Klysyri, Zyclara

Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Solaraze may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Solaraze may be considered **investigational** for all other indications.

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Prior-Approval Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnosis

Patient must have the following:

Actinic keratosis (AK)

AND the following:

 Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to a topical pyrimidine analog (e.g., fluorouracil) and another topical antineoplastic (e.g., imiquimod)

Prior – Approval Renewal Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnosis

Patient must have the following:

Actinic keratosis (AK)

AND the following:

1. Re-evaluation of lesion(s) for improvement

Policy Guidelines

Pre - PA Allowance

None

Prior - Approval Limits

Duration 3 months

Prior – Approval Renewal Limits

Duration 3 months (One renewal only)

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Rationale

Summary

Solaraze (diclofenac sodium) gel is a prescription medicine used on the skin for actinic keratoses. Actinic keratosis (AK), also called solar keratosis, which is a chronic (long-term) condition of the skin. It is caused by a chemical reaction to ultraviolet (UV) rays. AK can be linked to the development of skin cancer. Safety and effectiveness of Solaraze in pediatric patients less than 18 years of age have not been established (1).

Prior approval is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Solaraze while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

1. Solaraze [package Insert]. Melville, NY: PharmaDerm.; May 2016.

| Policy History | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Date | Action |
| July 2015 | Addition to PA |
| September 2015 | Annual review |
| December 2016 | Annual review and reference update Addition of age requirement to renewal section. Policy number change from 5.14.16 to 5.90.16 |
| September 2017 | Annual editorial review |
| September 2018 | Annual review |
| September 2019 | Annual review |
| September 2020 | Annual review |
| March 2021 | Annual editorial review |
| September 2022 September 2023 | Annual review Annual review Per SME, changed puripe to pyrimiding, provided try and |
| September 2023 | Annual review. Per SME, changed purine to pyrimidine, provided try and fail examples for topical pyrimidine and topical antineoplastic |
| Keywords | |

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on September 8, 2023 and is effective on October 1, 2023.