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## 5.85.009

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	January 1, 2024
Subsection:	Hematological Agents	Original Policy Date:	December 7, 2011
Subject:	Neulasta Fulphila Fylnetra Nyvepria Stimufend Udenyca Ziextenzo	Page:	1 of 6

Last Review Date: December 8, 2023

## Neulasta Fulphila Fylnetra Nyvepria Stimufend Udenyca Ziextenzo

Description

**Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro** (pegfilgrastim), Fulphila (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), Fylnetra (pegfilgrastim-pbbk), Nyvepria (pegfilgrastim-apgf), Stimufend (pegfilgrastim-fpgk), **Udenyca** (pegfilgrastim-cbqv), Ziextenzo (pegfilgrastim-bmez)

Preferred products: Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, Udenyca

### Background

Neutropenia occurs when an individual has an abnormally low level of neutrophils, a type of white blood cell important in fighting off infections. Neutropenia and its complications, including febrile neutropenia and infection, remain major toxicities associated with myelosuppressive systemic cancer chemotherapy. Colony stimulating factors are medications used to stimulate the production of neutrophils. Neulasta (pegfilgrastim) and its biosimilars are granulocyte colony-stimulating factors (G-CSF) that act on hematopoietic cells by binding to specific cell surface receptors, thereby stimulating proliferation, differentiation, commitment, and end cell functional activation. Fulphila, Fylnetra, Nyvepria, Udenyca, and Ziextenzo are biosimilars to

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Neulasta. The FDA defines biosimilar as a biological product that is highly similar to and has no clinically meaningful differences from an existing FDA-approved reference product (1-9).

### **Regulatory Status**

FDA-approved indications:

Neulasta and its biosimilars are leukocyte growth factors indicated: (2-8)

• To decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia

Neulasta is indicated: (2)

• To increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Neulasta and its biosimilars are not indicated for the mobilization of peripheral blood progenitor cells for hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (2-8).

The FDA defines biosimilar as a biological product that is highly similar to and has no clinically meaningful differences from an existing FDA-approved reference product. A manufacturer developing a proposed biosimilar demonstrates that its product is highly similar to the reference product by extensively analyzing the structure and function of both the reference product and the proposed biosimilar. Minor differences between the reference product and the proposed biosimilar in clinically inactive components are acceptable. Manufacturers must also demonstrate that its proposed biosimilar has no clinically meaningful differences from the reference product in terms of safety, purity, and potency (safety and effectiveness) (9).

#### **Related policies**

Leukine, Neupogen, Rolvedon

### Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Neulasta and its biosimilars may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Neulasta and its biosimilars may be considered investigational for all other indications.

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## **Prior-Approval Requirements**

### Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** the following:

- 1. Prophylaxis for chemotherapy induced febrile neutropenia
- 2. Treatment of chemotherapy induced febrile neutropenia
- 3. Acute radiation syndrome

### AND ALL of the following for ALL diagnoses:

- a. **NOT** used in combination with another granulocyte colony-stimulating factor (G-CSF)
- b. **Non-preferred medications only:** Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to **ONE** of the preferred products (Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, Udenyca)

## Prior – Approval *Renewal* Requirements

### Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** the following:

- 1. Prophylaxis for chemotherapy induced febrile neutropenia
- 2. Treatment of chemotherapy induced febrile neutropenia
- 3. Acute radiation syndrome

AND the following for ALL diagnoses:

a. **NOT** used in combination with another granulocyte colony-stimulating factor (G-CSF)

Policy Guidelines Pre - PA Allowance None

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## **Prior - Approval Limits**

Duration 6 months

## Prior – Approval Renewal Limits

Same as above

### Rationale

### Summary

Neutropenia occurs when an individual has an abnormally low level of neutrophils, a type of white blood cells (WBCs) important in fighting off infections. Neutropenia and its complications, including febrile neutropenia and infection, remain major toxicities associated with myelosuppressive systemic cancer chemotherapy. Colony stimulating factors are medications used to stimulate the production of neutrophils. Neulasta (pegfilgrastim) and its biosimilars are granulocyte colony-stimulating factors (G-CSF) that act on hematopoietic cells by binding to specific cell surface receptors, thereby stimulating proliferation, differentiation, commitment, and end cell functional activation. Fulphila, Fylnetra, Nyvepria, Udenyca, and Ziextenzo are biosimilars to Neulasta. The FDA defines biosimilar as a biological product that is highly similar to and has no clinically meaningful differences from an existing FDA-approved reference product (1-9).

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Neulasta and its biosimilars while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

### References

- 1. NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology<sup>®</sup> Hematopoietic Growth Factors 2023. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Accessed on November 7, 2023.
- 2. Neulasta [package insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc.; February 2021.
- 3. Fulphila [package insert]. Zurich, Switzerland: Mylan GmbH; October 2021.
- 4. Fylnetra [package insert]. Piscataway, NJ: Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC; May 2022.
- 5. Nyvepria [package insert]. New York, NY: Pfizer Inc.; October 2021.
- 6. Stimufend [package insert]. Lake Zurich, IL: Fresenius Kabi USA, LLC; September 2022.
- 7. Udenyca [package insert]. Redwood City, CA: Coherus BioSciences, Inc.; November 2022.
- 8. Ziextenzo [package insert]. Princeton, NJ: Sandoz Inc.; March 2021.
- 9. Biosimilar and Interchangeable Products. U.S. Food & Drug Administration. October 23, 2017.

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https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/HowDrugsareDevelopedandAppr oved/ApprovalApplications/TherapeuticBiologicApplications/Biosimilars/ucm580419.htm#ge neric

Policy History			
Date	Reason		
July 2010	ICD-9 code was removed for myelosuppressive chemotherapy, to decrease the incidence of infection as manifested by febrile neutropenia (various), bone marrow transplantation (996.85), peripheral blood progenitor cell collection (various), acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, ALL or Hodgkin's disease undergoing bone marrow transplantation (various), induction chemotherapy in acute myelogenous leukemia (various), mobilization and following transplantation of autologous PBPC (various), myeloid reconstitution after allogenic bone marrow transplantation (various), severe chronic neutropenia (various) and bone marrow transplantation failure or engraftment delay (996.0-996.5). ICD-9 code was updated for bone marrow transplantation failure or engraftment delay (996.82). ICD-10 code was added for bone marrow transplantation failure or engraftment delay (786.02).		
November 2010	Separation of colony stimulating factors to improve functionality and workflow; remove non-FDA approved indications (including ICD-9 and 10 codes) as follows: Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS), Myeloid engraftment following bone marrow transplantation, Myeloid engraftment following hematopoietic stem cell transplantation, Congenital, Cyclic, or Idiopathic Neutropenia, Neutropenia associated with AIDS treatment, and Peripheral progenitor cell yield.		
September 2011	Separation of the colony stimulating agents' criterion; Neulasta is not FDA approved for the same indications as Leukine and Neupogen. Removal of ICD-9 and 10 codes due to lack of specificity.		
December 2011 December 2012 March 2014 March 2015	Aligned with Medical Policy Annual Review-editorial updates Annual review and decreased approval and renewal limits to 6 months Annual editorial review and reference update Addition of not used in combination with another granulocyte colony- stimulating factor (G-CSF)		

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December 20 March 2016	Annual editorial review	tion acute radiation syndrome / d from 5.10.09 to 5.85.09	9	
December 20 September 20 July 2018	<ul><li>Annual editorial review</li><li>Annual review and refe</li></ul>	Annual editorial review and reference update Annual review and reference update Addition of Fulphila biosimilar to criteria		
September 20	18 Annual review	•		
November 2018 Annual review and reference update. Addition of Udeny criteria				
March 2019 Annual review. Revised regulatory status section to s based on medication per SME		separate indications		
December 2019 Annual review. Addition of requirement to trial preferred produ of Ziextenzo biosimilar to criteria. Renamed policy Neulasta F Udenyca Ziextenzo		•		
March 2020 July 2020 September 20	Annual review and refe Addition of Nyvepria b	Annual review and reference update Addition of Nyvepria biosimilar		
December 20			nzo and Nyvepria as	
March 2021	Annual editorial review summary sections. Cla	Annual editorial review and reference update. Revised background and summary sections. Clarification added to the t/f preferred products requirement indicating that it only applies to claims adjudicated through the		
June 2021 June 2022	Annual review and refe	Annual review and reference update Annual review and reference update. Addition of biosimilar Fylnetra to		
September 20		policy as preferred product Annual review. Addition of biosimilar Stimufend to policy as preferred product		
March 2023	•	Annual review and reference update		
June 2023	Annual review and refe	erence update		
December 20	to Neulasta, Neulasta	erence update. Per FEP, cha Onpro, and Udenyca. Also re /f requirement of ONE prefer	moved Medex	
Keywords				

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on December 8, 2023 and is effective on January 1, 2024.