
5.21.085

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	January 1, 2025
Subsection:	Antineoplastic Agents	Original Policy Date:	September 23, 2016
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Last Review Date: December 13, 2024

Vectibix

Description

Vectibix (panitumumab)

Background

Vectibix is a medication used to treat patients with advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer who express the wild-type *KRAS* gene. Metastatic colorectal cancer is an advanced form of cancer affecting the colon or rectum that has begun spreading to other parts of the body. Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) is a protein involved in the growth and spread of cancer cells. Vectibix competitively blocks this receptor and prevents the activation of kinases, resulting in inhibition of cell growth and induction of cell death (1).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indications: Vectibix (panitumumab) is an epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) antagonist indicated for the treatment of wild-type *KRAS* (exon 2) metastatic colorectal cancer (mCRC) as determined by an FDA-approved test for this use: (1)

1. In combination with FOLFOX for first-line treatment.
2. As monotherapy following disease progression after prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan-containing chemotherapy.

Limitation of Use: (1)

Vectibix is not indicated for the treatment of patients with *RAS*-mutant mCRC or for whom *RAS* mutation status is unknown.

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Off-Label Uses: (2-3)

1. Colorectal Cancer Stage IV – cancer has spread to distant parts of the body
 - a. First progression
 - b. Second progression
 - c. Neoadjuvant therapy
 - d. Adjuvant / postoperative, unresectable, or palliative therapy

Vectibix carries a boxed warning for dermatologic toxicity. The reported incidence of dermatologic toxicities was 90%, while 15% of these patients experienced severe (NCI-CTC grade 3 and higher) toxicities (1).

Safety and effectiveness of Vectibix in pediatric patients have not been established (1).

Related policies

Erbix

Policy

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Vectibix may be considered **medically necessary** if the conditions indicated below are met.

Vectibix may be considered **investigational** for all other indications.

Prior-Approval Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnosis

Patient must have the following:

Metastatic colorectal cancer

- a. *KRAS/NRAS* wild-type gene expression as determined by FDA-approved tests

AND the following:

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- a. Prescriber agrees to monitor for dermatologic and soft tissue toxicities and discontinue if severe complications occur

Prior – Approval *Renewal* Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnosis

Patient must have the following:

Metastatic colorectal cancer

AND ALL of the following:

- a. Prescriber agrees to monitor for dermatologic and soft tissue toxicities and discontinue if severe complications occur
- b. **NO** disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

Policy Guidelines

Pre - PA Allowance

None

Prior - Approval Limits

Duration 12 months

Prior – Approval *Renewal* Limits

Same as above

Rationale

Summary

Vectibix (panitumumab) is medically necessary for the treatment of metastatic colorectal cancer. Vectibix should be used as first-line therapy in combination with FOLFOX regimen for *KRAS* expressing tumors, or as monotherapy following disease progression after prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan-containing regimens. In addition, there is an

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evidence base to support the off-label use of Vectibix in combination with FOLFIRI or irinotecan, or as monotherapy in individuals who cannot tolerate intensive therapy to treat unresectable advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer expressing *KRAS/NRAS* mutations (1-2).

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Vectibix (panitumumab) while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

1. Vectibix [prescribing information]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen, Inc.; August 2021.
2. NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium® Panitumumab 2024. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Accessed on October 8, 2024.
3. NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology® Colon Cancer (Version 5.2024). National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. August 2024. Accessed on October 8, 2024.

Policy History

Date	Action
September 2016	Addition to PA
December 2016	Annual review
June 2018	Annual editorial review and reference update Update in criteria by streamlining to metastatic colorectal cancer <i>KRAS/NRAS</i> wild-type gene expression as determined by FDA-approved tests, removal of other qualifiers for use for colon cancer.
June 2019	Annual review and reference update
June 2020	Annual review and reference update
December 2021	Annual review and reference update
December 2022	Annual review and reference update. Changed policy number to 5.21.085
December 2023	Annual review and reference update
December 2024	Annual review and reference update

Keywords

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on December 13, 2024 and is effective on January 1, 2025.